of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. 501(c));

- (b) Organizing protests, petitions, boycotts, or strikes;
- (c) Assisting, promoting or deterring union organizing;
- (d) Impairing existing contracts for services or collective bargaining agreements:
- (e) Engaging in partisan political activities, or other activities designed to influence the outcome of an election to any public office:
- (f) Engaging in religious instruction, conducting worship services, providing instruction as part of a program that includes mandatory religious instruction or worship, constructing or operating facilities devoted to religious instruction or worship, maintaining facilities primarily or inherently devoted to religious instruction or worship, or engaging in any form of religious proselytization;
 - (g) Providing a direct benefit to-
 - (1) A business organized for profit;
 - (2) A labor union;
 - (3) A partisan political organization;
- (4) A nonprofit organization that fails to comply with the restrictions contained in section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 except that nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent participants from engaging in advocacy activities undertaken at their own initiative; and
- (5) An organization engaged in the religious activities described in paragraph (e) of this section, unless Corporation assistance is not used to support those religious activities; and
- (h) Such other activities as the Corporation may prohibit.

PART 2521—ELIGIBLE AMERICORPS PROGRAM APPLICANTS AND TYPES OF GRANTS AVAILABLE FOR AWARD

Sec

2521.10 Who may apply to receive an AmeriCorps grant?

2521.20 What types of AmeriCorps program grants are available for award?

2521.30 How will AmeriCorps program grants be awarded?

AUTHORITY: 42 U.S.C. 12501 et seq.

SOURCE: 59 FR 13794, Mar. 23, 1994, unless otherwise noted.

§2521.10 Who may apply to receive an AmeriCorps grant?

- (a) States (including Territories), subdivisions of States, Indian tribes, public or private nonprofit organizations (including labor organizations), and institutions of higher education are eligible to apply for AmeriCorps grants. However, the fifty States, the District of Columbia and Puerto Rico must first receive Corporation authorization for the use of a State Commission or alternative administrative or transitional entity pursuant to part 2550 of this chapter in order to be eligible for an AmeriCorps grant.
- (b) The Corporation may also enter into contracts or cooperative agreements for AmeriCorps assistance with Federal agencies that are Executive Branch agencies or departments. Bureaus, divisions, and local and regional offices of such departments and agencies may only receive assistance pursuant to a contract or agreement with the central department or agency. The requirements relating to Federal agencies are described in part 2523 of this chapter.

§2521.20 What types of AmeriCorps program grants are available for award?

The Corporation may make the following types of grants to eligible applicants. The requirements of this section will also apply to any State or other applicant receiving assistance under this part that proposes to conduct a grant program using the assistance to support other national or community service programs.

- (a) Planning grants.—(1) Purpose. The purpose of a planning grant is to assist an applicant in completing the planning necessary to implement a sound concept that has already been developed.
- (2) Eligibility. (i) States may apply directly to the Corporation for planning grants.
- (ii) Subdivisions of States, Indian Tribes, public or private nonprofit organizations (including labor organizations), and institutions of higher education may apply either to a State or directly to the Corporation for planning grants.

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(3) *Duration.* A planning grant will be negotiated for a term not to exceed one year.

(b) Operational grants.—(1) Purpose. The purpose of an operational grant is to fund an organization that is ready to establish, operate, or expand an AmeriCorps program. An operational grant may include AmeriCorps educational awards. An operational grant may also include a short planning period of up to six months, if necessary, to implement a program.

(2) Eligibility. (i) States may apply directly to the Corporation for oper-

ational grants.

- (ii) Subdivisions of States, Indian Tribes, public or private nonprofit organizations (including labor organizations), and institutions of higher education may apply either to a State or directly to the Corporation for operational grants. The Corporation may limit the categories of applicants eligible to apply directly to the Corporation for assistance under this section consistent with its National priorities.
- (3) Duration. An operational grant will be negotiated for a term not to exceed three years. Within a three-year term, renewal funding will be contingent upon periodic assessment of program quality, progress to date, and availability of Congressional appropriations.
- (c) AmeriCorps Educational Awards Only.—(1) Purpose. The purpose of these awards is to provide AmeriCorps educational awards to programs that are not receiving or applying to the Corporation for program assistance but that meet the criteria for approved AmeriCorps positions, and desire to provide an AmeriCorps educational award to participants serving in approved positions.

(2) Eligibility. States, subdivisions of States, Indian Tribes, Federal agencies, public or private nonprofit organizations (including labor organizations), and institutions of higher education may apply directly to the Corporation for AmeriCorps educational awards only.

(d) Replication Grants. The Corporation may provide assistance for the replication of an existing national service program to another geographical location.

(e) Training, technical assistance and other special grants.—(1) Purpose. The purpose of these grants is to ensure broad access to AmeriCorps programs for all Americans, including those with disabilities; support disaster relief efforts; assist efforts to secure private support for programs through challenge grants; and ensure program quality by supporting technical assistance and training programs.

(2) Eligibility. Eligibility varies and is detailed under 45 CFR part 2524, "Technical Assistance and Other Special

Grants.'

(3) *Duration.* Grants will be negotiated for a renewable term of up to three years.

§2521.30 How will AmeriCorps program grants be awarded?

In any fiscal year, the Corporation will award AmeriCorps program grants as follows:

- (a) *Grants to State Applicants.* (1) For the purposes of this section, the term "State" means the fifty States, Puerto Rico, and the District of Columbia.
- (2) One-third of the funds available under this part and a corresponding allotment of AmeriCorps educational awards, as specified by the Corporation, will be distributed according to a population-based formula to the 50 States, Puerto Rico and the District of Columbia if they have applications approved by the Corporation.
- (3) At least one-third of funds available under this part and an appropriate number of AmeriCorps awards, as determined by the Corporation, will be awarded to States on a competitive basis. In order to receive these funds, a State must receive funds under paragraphs (a)(2) or (b)(1) of this section in the same fiscal year.
- (4) In making subgrants with funds awarded by formula or competition under paragraphs (a) (2) or (3) of this section, a State must: (i) Provide a description of the process used to select programs for funding including a certification that the State or other entity used a competitive process and criteria that were consistent with the selection criteria in §2522.410 of this chapter. In making such competitive selections, the State must ensure the equitable allocation within the State

of assistance and approved AmeriCorps positions provided under this subtitle to the State taking into consideration such factors as the location of the programs applying to the State, population density, and economic distress;

- (ii) Provide a written assurance that not less than 60 percent of the assistance provided to the State will be used to make grants in support of AmeriCorps programs other than AmeriCorps programs carried out by the State or a State agency. The Corporation may permit a State to deviate from this percentage if the State demonstrates that it did not receive a sufficient number of acceptable applications; and
- (iii) Ensure that a minimum of 50 percent of funds going to States will be used for programs that operate in the areas of need or on Federal or other public lands, and that place a priority on recruiting participants who are residents in high need areas, or on Federal or other public lands. The Corporation may waive this requirement for an individual State if at least 50 percent of the total amount of assistance to all States will be used for such programs.
- (b) *Grants to Applicants other than States.* (1) One percent of available funds will be distributed to the U.S. Territories ¹ that have applications approved by the Corporation according to a population-based formula.²
- (2) One percent of available funds will be reserved for distribution to Indian tribes on a competitive basis.
- (3) The Corporation will use any funds available under this part remaining after the award of the grants described in paragraphs (a) and (b) (1) and (2) of this section to make direct competitive grants to subdivisions of States, Indian tribes, public or private nonprofit organizations (including labor organizations), institutions of

higher education, and Federal agencies. No more than one-third of the these remaining funds may be awarded to Federal agencies.

- (c) Allocation of AmeriCorps educational awards only. The Corporation will determine on an annual basis the appropriate number of educational awards to make available for eligible applicants who have not applied for program assistance.
- (d) Effect of States' or Territories' failure to apply. If a State or U.S. Territory does not apply for or fails to give adequate notice of its intent to apply for a formula-based grant as announced by the Corporation and published in applications and the Notice of Funds Availability, the Corporation will use the amount of that State's allotment to make grants to eligible entities to carry out AmeriCorps programs in that State or Territory. Any funds remaining from that State's allotment after making such grants will be reallocated to the States, Territories, and Indian tribes with approved AmeriCorps applications at the Corporation's discretion.
- (e) Effect of rejection of State application. If a State's application for a formula-based grant is ultimately rejected by the Corporation pursuant to §2522.320 of this chapter, the State's allotment will be available for redistribution by the Corporation to the States, Territories, and Indian Tribes with approved AmeriCorps applications as the Corporation deems appropriate.
- (f) The Corporation will make grants for training, technical assistance and other special programs described in part 2524 of this chapter at the Corporation's discretion.
- (g) Matching funds.—(1) Requirements. (i) The matching requirements for participant benefits are specified in §2522.240(b)(5) of this chapter.
- (ii) The Corporation share of other AmeriCorps program costs may not exceed 75 percent, whether the assistance is provided directly or as a subgrant from the original recipient of the assistance.
- (iii) These matching requirements apply only to programs receiving assistance under parts 2521 through 2524 of this chapter.

¹The United States Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and Palau (until such time as the Compact of Free Association with Palau is ratified).

²The amount allotted as a grant to each such territory or possession is equal to the ratio of each such Territory's population to the population of all such territories multipled by the amount of the one percent set-aside.

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- (2) *Calculation.* In providing for the remaining share of other AmeriCorps program costs, the program—
- (i) Must provide for its share through a payment in cash or in kind, fairly evaluated, including facilities, equipment, or services; and
- (ii) May provide for its share through State sources, local sources, or other Federal sources (other than funds made available by the Corporation).
- (3) Limitation on cost of health care. A program may not count more than 85 percent of a cash payment for the cost of providing a health care policy toward its 15 percent remaining share under paragraph (g)(2)(i) of this section
- (4) Waiver. The Corporation reserves the right to waive, in whole or in part, the requirements of paragraph (g)(1) of this section if the Corporation determines that a waiver would be equitable due to a lack of available financial resources at the local level.
- (h) Administrative costs. (1) The recipient of a direct grant or transfer of funds from the Corporation may spend no more than five percent of the grant or transferred funds on administrative costs.
- (2) Rules on use. States or other grantmaking entities that make subgrants to programs may retain no more than one-half of the five percent maximum administrative costs allowed for each Corporation grant.

PART 2522—AMERICORPS PARTICI-PANTS, PROGRAMS, AND APPLI-CANTS

Subpart A—Minimum Requirements and Program Types

Sec.

2522.100 What are the minimum requirements that every AmeriCorps program, regardless of type, must meet?

2522.110 What types of programs are eligible to compete for AmeriCorps grants?

Subpart B—Participant Eligibility, Requirements, and Benefits

2522.200 What are the eligibility requirements for AmeriCorps participants?

2522.210 How are AmeriCorps participants recruited and selected?

- 2522.220 What are the required terms of service for AmeriCorps participants, and may they serve for more than one term?
- 2522.230 Under what circumstances may AmeriCorps participants be released from completing a term of service, and what are the consequences?
- 2522.240 What financial benefits do AmeriCorps participants serving in approved AmeriCorps positions receive?
- 2522.250 What other benefits do AmeriCorps participants serving in approved AmeriCorps positions receive?

Subpart C—Application Requirements

- 2522.300 What are the application requirements for AmeriCorps program grants?
- 2522.310 What are the application requirements for AmeriCorps educational awards only?
- 2522.320 May an applicant submit more than one application to the Corporation for the same project at the same time?

Subpart D—Selection of AmeriCorps Programs

- 2522.400 How will the basic selection criteria be applied?
- 2522.410 What are the basic selection criteria for AmeriCorps programs?
- 2522.420 Can a State's application for formula funds be rejected?

Subpart E—Evaluation Requirements

- 2522.500 What are the purposes of an evaluation?
- 2522.510 What types of evaluations are States, grant-making entities, and programs required to perform?
- 2522.520 What types of internal evaluation activities are required of programs?
- 2522.530 What types of activities are required of States or grantmaking entities to evaluate the effectiveness of their subgrantees?
- 2522.540 How will the Corporation evaluate individual AmeriCorps programs?
- 2522.550 What will the Corporation do to evaluate the overall success of the AmeriCorps programs?
- 2522.560 Will information on individual participants be kept confidential?

AUTHORITY: 42 U.S.C. 12501 et seq.

SOURCE: 59 FR 13796, Mar. 23, 1994, unless otherwise noted.